TOWN OF HANNA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR END DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Hanna (the "Town"), which comprise of the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes and schedules to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Hanna as at December 31, 2022, the results of its operations, changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Town of Hanna in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However future events or conditions may cause the Town to cease to continue to be a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other things, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during the audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- Debt Limit Regulation: In accordance with Alberta Regulation 255/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Debt Limit Regulation. A detailed account of the Town's debt limit can be found in Note 9.
- Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation: In accordance with Alberta Regulation 313/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation and note the information required can be found in Note 1.

HANNA, ALBERTA APRIL 10, 2023 ASCEND LLP
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

scend

Scend LLP
Chartered Professional Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of the Town of Hanna (the "Town") is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity, and integrity of the accompanying financial statements and the notes thereto. Management believes that the financial statements present fairly the Town's financial position as at December 31, 2022 and the results of its operations for the year then ended.

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS).

The financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintains a system of internal controls to produce reliable information and to meet reporting requirements on a timely basis. The system is designed to provided management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded.

These systems are monitored and evaluated by management and reliable financial information is available for preparation of the financial statements.

The Town Council carries out its responsibilities for review of the financial statements primarily through the Finance and Administration departments. Council meets annually with management and external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters.

The external auditors have full access to Council with and without the presence of management. The Town Council has approved the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by Ascend LLP, independent external auditors appointed by the Town. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination, and their opinion on the Town's financial statements.

| Kim Neill | Winana Cutasha |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Winona Gutsche |
| Chief Administrative Officer | Director of Corporate Services |

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|---|------------|---------------|----|------------|
| FINANCIAL ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash (Note 2) | \$ | 5,179,330 | \$ | 4,895,188 |
| Receivables Taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 3) | | 74,341 | | 94,168 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 510,040 | | 810,433 |
| Receivables from other governments | | 1,762,634 | | 1,341,707 |
| Land inventory held for resale | | 1,199,201 | | 1,245,862 |
| Investments (Note 4) | | 2,181,108 | _ | 1,794,437 |
| | | 10,906,654 | | 10,181,795 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 169,621 | | 189,191 |
| Deposit liabilities | | 10,661 | | 12,383 |
| Deferred revenue (Note 5) | | 2,409,488 | | 1,964,314 |
| Employee benefit obligations (Note 6) | | 314,122 | | 324,851 |
| Long-term debt (Note 7) | | 229,826 | | 257,633 |
| | | 3,133,718 | _ | 2,748,372 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS | _ | 7,772,936 | _ | 7,433,423 |
| NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS | | | | |
| Tangible capital assets (Schedule 1) | | 30,033,699 | | 30,318,037 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 2,152 | | 247 |
| Deposit on asset acquisitions | | <u>59,708</u> | | 59,708 |
| | | 30,095,559 | _ | 30,377,992 |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS | \$ <u></u> | 37,868,495 | \$ | 37,811,415 |

CONTAMINATED SITES LIABILITY (SEE NOTE 8) COMMITMENTS (SEE NOTE 17) CONTINGENCIES (SEE NOTE 18)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED | DEC | EMBER 31, 20 |)22 | | | |
|---|-----|--------------|----------|------------|----|-----------------|
| | | Budget | | 2022 | | 2021 |
| | | (Unaudited) | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| REVENUE | • | | | | | |
| Net municipal taxes (Schedule 2) | \$ | 2,767,680 | \$ | 2,768,225 | \$ | 2,769,853 |
| User fees and sale of goods | | 2,449,577 | | 2,626,698 | | 2,586,673 |
| Government transfers for operating (Schedule 3) | | 1,346,599 | | 885,589 | | 898,998 |
| Investment income | | 71,000 | | 149,892 | | 81,370 |
| Penalties and costs on taxes | | 15,000 | | 16,167 | | 24,710 |
| Franchise and concession contracts | | 466,000 | | 513,491 | | 451,121 |
| Transfers from local boards and agencies | | - | | - | | 200,000 |
| Fines | | 10,500 | | 6,296 | | 6,790 |
| Other | _ | 175,800 | | 126,413 | | 51,455 |
| Total Revenue | _ | 7,302,156 | | 7,092,771 | | 7,070,970 |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | | |
| Council and other legislative | | 150,250 | | 122,741 | | 117,012 |
| General administrative | | 1,047,984 | | 994,196 | | 909,793 |
| Protective services | | , - , | | , | | , |
| Police | | 72,800 | | 72,794 | | 48,500 |
| Fire | | 275,590 | | 437,905 | | 462,331 |
| Disaster and emergency measures | | 16,600 | | 15,459 | | 1,029 |
| Bylaw enforcement | | 79,500 | | 81,469 | | 100,874 |
| Transportation services | | , | | , | | , |
| Common and equipment pool | | 533,858 | | 640,221 | | 585,883 |
| Roads, streets, walks, lighting | | 406,500 | | 635,647 | | 585,047 |
| Storm sewers and drainage | | - | | 15,467 | | 15,467 |
| Airport | | 46,410 | | 85,578 | | 65,630 |
| Environmental services | | , | | | | , |
| Water supply and distribution | | 1,072,400 | | 1,204,274 | | 1,107,272 |
| Wastewater treatment and disposal | | 153,660 | | 228,158 | | 269,574 |
| Waste management | | 410,100 | | 410,110 | | 410,095 |
| Public health and welfare | | , | | , | | , |
| Family and community support | | 201,550 | | 231,109 | | 198,366 |
| Cemeteries and crematoriums | | 33,820 | | 15,468 | | 22,143 |
| Planning and development | | , | | , | | , |
| Economic development | | 269,890 | | 241,596 | | 237,930 |
| Subdivision land and development | | 154,957 | | 204,236 | | 583,279 |
| Recreation and culture | | , , , , | | - , | | , |
| Parks and recreation | | 1,228,950 | | 1,503,795 | | 1,558,709 |
| Libraries, museums, halls | | 355,250 | | 378,510 | | 350,382 |
| Recreation boards | | 3,500 | | 3,152 | | 3,334 |
| Total Expenses | | 6,513,569 | | 7,521,885 | | 7,632,650 |
| · | | | _ | | | |
| EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER | | 700 507 | | (400 444) | | (EC4_COC) |
| EXPENSES - BEFORE OTHER | | 788,587 | | (429,114) | | (561,680) |
| Government transfers for capital (Schedule 3) | | 430,439 | | 470,949 | | 78,883 |
| Donations | _ | | _ | 15,245 | _ | <u> 285,579</u> |
| EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER | | | | | | |
| EXPENSES | | 1,219,026 | | 57,080 | | (197,218) |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 37,811,415 | | 37,811,415 | | 38,008,633 |
| ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR | \$ | 39,030,441 | \$ | 37,868,495 | \$ | 37,811,415 |
| · · - · - · · - · | ~= | 22,230, | - | 2.,230,.00 | ·— | 21,211,110 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | Budget (Unaudited) | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES | \$ <u>1,219,026</u> \$ | 57,080 | \$ <u>(197,218)</u> |
| Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Deposit for asset acquistions | (1,266,200) - - - - | (868,535) 1,150,927 1,946 | (570,804) 1,137,784 5,608 (59,708) |
| | (1,266,200) | 284,338 | 512,880 |
| Change in prepaid expenses | <u> </u> | (1,905) | 32 |
| INCREASE IN NET ASSETS | (47,174) | 339,513 | 315,694 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 7,433,423 | 7,433,423 | 7,117,729 |
| NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR | \$ <u>7,386,249</u> \$ | 7,772,936 | \$ 7,433,423 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|----|--------------|------------------|
| NET INFLOW(OUTFLOWS) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| OPERATING | | | |
| Excess (shortfall) of revenues over expenses | \$ | 57,080 \$ | (197,218) |
| Non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses: | Ψ | σ.,σσσ φ | (101,210) |
| Amortization on tangible capital assets | | 1,150,927 | 1,137,784 |
| Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets | | 1,946 | 5,608 |
| Jest to appear to the great trap and tr | | 1,209,953 | 946,174 |
| Non-cash changes to operations (net change): | | , , | , |
| Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable | | 19,827 | 201,821 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 300,393 | (356,618) |
| Receivables from other governments | | (420,927) | (299,566) |
| Land inventory held for resale | | 46,661 | 160,402 |
| Loans receivable | | - | 68,000 |
| Prepaid expenses | | (1,905) | 32 |
| Deposit for asset acquisition | | · - | (59,708) |
| Accounts payable | | (19,570) | (88,548) |
| Deposit liabilities | | (1,722) | 125 |
| Deferred revenue | | 445,174 | 1,285,206 |
| Employee benefit obligations | | (10,729) | (18,185) |
| | | 1,567,155 | 1,839,135 |
| CAPITAL | | | |
| Acquisition of tangible capital assets (Schedule 1) | | (868,535) | (570,804) |
| INVESTING | | | |
| Purchase of investments | | (206 674) | 201 5 4 7 |
| Purchase of investments | | (386,671) | 201,547 |
| FINANCING | | | |
| Repayment of long-term debt | | (27,807) | (26,321) |
| CHANGE IN CASH DURING THE YEAR | | 284,142 | 1,443,557 |
| CASH REGINNING OF VEAR | | 4 90E 199 | 2 /51 621 |
| CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 4,895,188 | <u>3,451,631</u> |
| CASH, END OF YEAR | \$ | 5,179,330 \$ | 4,895,188 |

SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | Land | Land Improvements | Buildings | Engineered Structures | Machinery and Equipment | Vehicles | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| COST: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$ 1,179,166 | \$ 2,558,879 | \$17,935,613 | \$22,174,064 | \$ 4,461,358 | \$ 2,232,278 | \$ 50,541,358 | \$ 49,976,162 |
| Acquisition of tangible capital assets Disposals of tangible capital assets | <u> </u> | 619,038 (10,241) | 29,291 | - | 220,206 | <u>-</u> | 868,535 (10,241) | 570,804 (5,608) |
| BALANCE, END OF YEAR | <u>1,179,166</u> | 3,167,676 | 17,964,904 | 22,174,064 | 4,681,564 | 2,232,278 | 51,399,652 | 50,541,358 |
| ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 1,097,670 | 4,863,104 | 10,175,185 | 2,838,292 | 1,249,070 | 20,223,321 | 19,085,537 |
| Annual amortization Disposals | | 97,968 (8,295) | 346,392 | 357,125 | 267,774 | 81,668 | 1,150,927 (8,295) | 1,137,784 |
| BALANCE, END OF YEAR | | 1,187,343 | 5,209,496 | 10,532,310 | 3,106,066 | 1,330,738 | 21,365,953 | 20,223,321 |
| NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS | \$ <u>1,179,166</u> | \$ <u>1,980,333</u> | \$ <u>12,755,408</u> | \$ <u>11,641,754</u> | \$ <u>1,575,498</u> | \$ <u>901,540</u> | \$ <u>30,033,699</u> | \$ <u>30,318,037</u> |
| 2021 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS | \$ <u>1,179,166</u> | \$ <u>1,461,209</u> | \$ <u>13,072,509</u> | \$ <u>11,998,879</u> | \$ <u>1,623,066</u> | \$ 983,208 | \$ <u>30,318,037</u> | |

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY AND OTHER TAXES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Schedule 2

Budget

2022

2021

| | | (Unaudited) | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|--|----------|--|--------|---|--------|---|
| TAXATION | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes Linear property taxes Government grants in place of property taxes | \$ | 3,396,910 146,643 65,927 3,609,480 | \$ | 3,397,294 146,683 66,055 3,610,032 | \$ | 3,376,662 147,800 67,387 3,591,849 |
| REQUISITIONS | | | | | | |
| Alberta School Foundation Fund Acadia Seniors Foundation | Ξ | 671,700 170,100 841,800 | _ | 671,677 170,130 841,807 | _ | 668,716 153,280 821,996 |
| NET MUNICIPAL TAXES | \$_ | 2,767,680 | \$ | 2,768,225 | \$ | 2,769,853 |
| SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 Schedule 3 | | | | | | |
| | | EMBER 31, 20 |)22 | | | |
| | | Budget (Unaudited) |)22 | 2022 | | 2021 |
| | | Budget |)22 | 2022 | | 2021 |
| | | Budget | \$ | 256,530 98,740 530,319 885,589 | \$ | 308,878 39,300 550,820 898,998 |
| TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING Provincial government Federal government | hedule 3 | Budget (Unaudited) 307,098 438,135 601,366 | | 256,530 98,740 530,319 | \$ | 308,878 39,300 550,820 |
| TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING Provincial government Federal government Local governments | hedule 3 | Budget (Unaudited) 307,098 438,135 601,366 | | 256,530 98,740 530,319 | \$ | 308,878 39,300 550,820 |

SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES BY OBJECT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | Budget (Unaudited) | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---|---|---|
| EXPENSES BY OBJECT | | | |
| Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Purchases from other governments Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Provision for allowances Transfers to local boards and agencies Transfers to individuals and organizations Bank charges and short-term interest Interest on capital long-term debt (Note 7) Amortization of tangible capital assets (Schedule 1) Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Other expenses | \$ 2,193,950 2,024,447 72,800 1,795,500 2,500 106,300 167,100 5,400 13,472 - - 132,100 6,513,569 | \$ 2,106,669 1,717,747 72,794 2,015,866 1,772 161,627 168,527 5,367 13,476 1,150,927 1,946 105,167 7,521,885 | \$ 2,235,332 1,879,571 48,500 1,832,745 4,180 147,776 216,902 5,229 14,961 1,137,784 5,608 104,062 7,632,650 |

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED OPERATING SURPLUS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | Unrestricted Surplus | Restricted Surplus | Equity in Tangible Capital Assets | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|---|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR | \$5,290,236 | \$2,460,775 | \$30,060,404 | \$ <u>37,811,415</u> | \$ <u>38,008,633</u> |
| Excess of revenues over expenses Unrestricted funds designated for future use Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets Current year funds used for tangible capital assets Net book value of disposed tangible capital assets Annual amortization expense Long-term debt repaid | 57,080 (408,553) - (709,619) 1,946 1,150,927 (27,807) | (158,916) | - 158,916 709,619 (1,946) (1,150,927) 27,807 | 57,080 - - - - - | (197,218) - - - - - - |
| Change in accumulated surplus BALANCE, END OF YEAR | 63,974 \$ 5,354,210 | 249,637 \$ 2,710,412 | (256,531) \$ 29,803,873 | <u>57,080</u> \$_37,868,495 | (197,218) \$_37,811,415 |

SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | General Government | Protective Services | Transportation Services | Environmental Services | Public Health and Welfare | Planning and Development | Recreation and Culture | Total |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| REVENUE | | | | | | | | |
| Net municipal taxes | \$ 2,768,225 \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,768,225 |
| User fees and sales of goods | 38,150 | 119,539 | 25,501 | 1,879,317 | 16,048 | 76,966 | 471,177 | 2,626,698 |
| Government transfers | 452,832 | 45,956 | 20,659 | - | 171,237 | - | 194,905 | 885,589 |
| Investment Income | 149,892 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 149,892 |
| Penalties | 16,167 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16,167 |
| Franchise fees | 513,491 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 513,491 |
| Fines | - | 6,296 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,296 |
| Insurance proceeds | - | , <u>-</u> | - | 76,941 | - | - | _ | 76,941 |
| Other revenues | <u> </u> | 3,250 | | 60 | 3,000 | 10,000 | 33,162 | 49,472 |
| | 3,938,757 | 175,041 | 46,160 | 1,956,318 | 190,285 | 86,966 | 699,244 | 7,092,771 |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 531,822 | 118,771 | 417,487 | 143.643 | 104,311 | 133,914 | 656,721 | 2,106,669 |
| Contract and general services | 300,496 | 150,235 | 244,778 | 541,249 | 12,966 | 166,994 | 301,029 | 1,717,747 |
| Purchases from other governments | | 72,794 | , - | - , - | - | - | - | 72,794 |
| Goods and supplies | 57,907 | 59,990 | 315,392 | 981,329 | 126,663 | 65,190 | 409,395 | 2,015,866 |
| Provision for allowance | 1,772 | - | | - | - | - | - | 1,772 |
| Transfers to local boards | -, | 7,424 | _ | _ | _ | 55,000 | 99,203 | 161,627 |
| Transfers to organizations | 151.474 | | _ | _ | 648 | - | 16,405 | 168,527 |
| Bank charges and interest | 5,367 | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | | 5,367 |
| Interest on long-term debt | - | _ | 13,476 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 13,476 |
| Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets | _ | _ | .0, 0 | _ | _ | _ | 1.946 | 1,946 |
| Other expenses | 12,132 | 14,817 | 2,047 | 614 | 1 | 9,716 | 65,840 | 105,167 |
| | | , | | | | | | |
| | 1,060,970 | 424,031 | 993,180 | 1,666,835 | 244,589 | 430,814 | 1,550,539 | 6,370,958 |
| EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE | | | | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENSES, BEFORE | | | | | | | | |
| AMORTIZATION AND OTHER | 2,877,787 | (248,990) | (947,020) | 289,483 | (54,304) | (343,848) | <u>(851,295</u>) | 721,813 |
| Capital government transfers | | 28,577 | | | | | 442,372 | 470,949 |
| Donations | | 20,377 | | | | | 442,372 15,245 | 470,949 15,245 |
| | (55,967) | (183,596) | (383,733) | (175,707) | (1,988) | (15,018) | (334,918) | , |
| Amortization expense | (55,967) | (163,396) | (363,733) | (1/5,707) | (1,988) | (15,018) | (334,918) | (1,150,927) |
| EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE | | | | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENSES | \$ <u>2,821,820</u> \$ | (404,009) | \$ <u>(1,330,753</u>) | \$ <u>113,776</u> | \$ <u>(56,292)</u> | \$ <u>(358,866)</u> | \$ <u>(728,596</u>) | \$ <u>57,080</u> |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Hanna (the "Town") are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting polices adopted by the Town are as follows:

a) Reporting Entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to the Town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Public Sector Accounting Standards principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant financial statement areas requiring the use of management estimates include:

- Employee benefits obligations;
- Useful life of tangible capital assets;
- Allowance for doubtful accounts; and
- Fair value of contributed tangible capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d) Valuation of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Town's financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Financial statement component

Cash
Trade and other receivables
Land inventory held for resale
Investments
Loans receivable and debt charges recoverable
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Measurement

Lower of cost or net realizable value
Lower of cost or net realizable value
Fair value and amortized cost
Amortized cost
Cost

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Cost
Deposit liabilities Cost
Employee benefit obligations Cost

Long-term debt Amortized cost

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on deposits with financial institutions and highly liquid investments.

f) Investments

Investments in interest bearing securities are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

g) Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are initially recognized at cost, net of any transaction costs, with interest income recognized using the effective interest method. Loans receivable are subsequently measured at amortized cost net of any valuation allowances.

h) Long-term debt

Long-term debt is initially recognized net of any premiums, discounts, fees and transactions costs, with interest expense recognized using the effective interest method. Long-term debt is subsequently measured at amortized cost.

i) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

i) Land Inventories Held for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as tangible capital assets under the respective function.

k) Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowings, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

I) Contaminated Sites Liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when the Town is either directly responsible or accepts responsibility and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

m) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from transactions with no performance obligation is recognized at realizable value when the Town has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources and identifies a past transaction or event giving rise to an asset.

Revenue from transactions with performance obligations is recognized as the performance obligations are satisfied by providing the promised goods or services to the payor. User fees are recognized over the period of use, sales of goods are recognized when goods are delivered. Licenses and permits with a single performance obligation at a point in time are recognized as revenue on issuance, those which result in a continued performance obligation over time are recognized over the period of the license or permit as the performance obligation is satisfied.

n) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

o) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

i. Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

| | TEARS |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Land improvements | 10 to 45 |
| Buildings | 25 to 50 |
| Engineering structures | |
| Water system | 45 to 75 |
| Wastewater system | 45 to 75 |
| Other engineered structures | 5 to 75 |
| Machinery and equipment | 5 to 40 |
| Vehicles | 10 to 40 |

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition or when the asset is put into use. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

ii. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and are also recorded as revenue.

iii. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

iv. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. CASH

The Town received certain Alberta Government grants, local municipal grants and donations that are restricted in their use and are to be utilized as funding for certain projects. Since certain projects have not been completed for which this restricted funding has been received, \$873,144 (2021 - \$833,979) of the cash on hand is not available for general use by the Town.

The Royal Bank pays prime less 1.9% interest on funds maintained in the Town's general bank account.

3. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

| | | <u> 2022</u> | 2021 |
|--|-------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Current taxes and grants in place Arrears taxes | - | 6,397 \$ <u>7,944</u> | 48,960 45,208 |
| | \$ <u>7</u> | <u>4,341</u> \$ | 94,168 |

4. INVESTMENTS

| | 20 |)22 | | _ | 20 | | |
|--|-----------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------------|
| | Cost | | Market Value | | Cost | | Market Value |
| At amortized cost: | | | | | | | |
| Federal, provincial and local government bonds Other institutional and private corporation | \$ 1,347,796 | \$ | 1,264,757 | \$ | 1,094,979 | \$ | 1,190,981 |
| bonds | 733,312 | | 682,636 | | 699,458 | | 699,906 |
| Guaranteed investment certificate | 100,000 | | | _ | | _ | |
| | \$ 2,181,108 | \$ | 1,947,393 | \$_ | 1,794,437 | \$_ | 1,890,887 |

Government and private corporation bonds have effective interest rates of 1.0% to 5.6% (2021 – 1.0% to 5.6%) with maturity dates from June 2024 to December 2048.

Guaranteed investment certificate bears interest at 5% and matures October 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

5. DEFERRED REVENUE

| | _ | 2022 | | 2021 |
|--|----|-----------|-----|-----------|
| Alberta Municipal Sustainability Initiative | \$ | 1,313,012 | \$ | 1,035,396 |
| Canada Community-Building Fund | | 599,359 | | 445,740 |
| Special Areas Board | | 380,023 | | 325,000 |
| Alberta Community Resilience Program | | 37,896 | | 37,896 |
| Centennial Place Donations | | 21,435 | | 19,254 |
| Alberta Economic Development and Trade Grant Program | | 20,915 | | 20,915 |
| Alberta Health Services grants | | 20,852 | | 14,017 |
| Donations and unearned revenue | | 15,150 | | 25,150 |
| Hector King-Hunter Pioneer Park donations | | 846 | | 15,245 |
| Family And Community Support Services | | - | | 22,451 |
| Emergency Management Preparedness Program | | | _ | 3,250 |
| | \$ | 2,409,488 | \$_ | 1,964,314 |

Alberta Municipal Sustainability Initiative

Provincial government funding is receivable in the current and prior years to undertake certain eligible infrastructure expenditures within the Town that have not yet been expended.

Canada Community-Building Fund

Federal and provincial government funding is receivable in the current and prior years to undertake certain eligible infrastructure expenditures within the Town that have not yet been expended.

Special Areas Board

The Special Areas Board provided funding in the current and prior years for certain fire department capital projects which have not yet been expended.

Alberta Community Resilience Program

Provincial government funding was received to support the development of infrastructure to protect from flood and drought events that has not yet been expended.

Alberta Economic Development and Trade Grant Program

Provincial government funding was received to undertake expenditures within the Town under Community Action to create diversification which have not yet been expended.

Centennial Place Donations

Donations were received in the current year and prior years to undertake certain upgrades at Centennial Place which have not yet been expended.

Hector King-Hunter Pioneer Park Donations

Donations were received in the prior year for certain projects at the Hector King-Hunter Pioneer Park which have not yet been expended.

Alberta Health Services Grants

Funding was received in the current and prior years to undertake certain programs to promote healthy living within the Town which have not yet been expended.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

| 6 | EMPI | OYFF | BENEFIT | OBLIG | ZHONS |
|----|-------------|------|----------------|-------|---------|
| v. | LIVII L | | | ODLIG | 7110110 |

| | _ | 2022 | _ | 2021 |
|---|----|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| Vacation pay payable Vested sick leave payable Banked hours payable | \$ | 164,994 137,754 11,374 | \$ | 161,347 158,651 4,853 |
| | \$ | 314,122 | \$ | 324,851 |

Vacation and banked overtime

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

Vested sick leave payable

The vested sick leave liability is comprised of paid sick days that employees have not used and are being deferred to future years.

| 7. | LON | IG . | TERM | DEBT |
|----|-----|------|-------------|-------------|
|----|-----|------|-------------|-------------|

| | | | _ | 2022 | | 2021 | | |
|--|---------|----------------|------------|----------------|------|-----------------|--|--|
| Capital lease obligation | | | \$ | 229,826 | \$_ | 257,633 | | |
| The current portion of the long-term debt amounts to \$229,826 (2021 - \$27,806) | | | | | | | | |
| Principal and interest repayments are as fo | llows: | | | | | | | |
| | | Principal | | Interest | | Total | | |
| 2023 | \$ | 229,826 | \$ <u></u> | 10,036 | \$_ | 239,862 | | |
| Obligation under capital lagge is repayable | o in ma | anthly inctalm | onto | of ¢2 440 incl | udir | a principal and | | |

Obligation under capital lease is repayable in monthly instalments of \$3,440, including principal and interest at 5.50%, and is due in October 2023. The obligation under capital lease is secured by certain capital equipment with a net book value of \$237,792.

The Town's total cash payments for interest in 2022 were \$13,476 (2021 - \$14,961).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

8. CONTAMINATED SITES LIABILITY

During the year, the Town has identified a financial liability as a result of contaminated sites.

The Town conducted exploratory work for future road and infrastructure improvements expected to be completed in 2023. Soil samples taken from this work were analyzed and a portion were found to be contaminated.

The extent and severity of the contamination cannot be evaluated or estimated until the associated roads are removed, as a result, the financial liability relating to these sites cannot be reasonably estimated and no accrual has been made in these financial statements.

9. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the *Municipal Government Act* requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the Town of Hanna be disclosed as follows:

| | | 2022 | _ | 2021 |
|--|------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| Total debt limit Total debt | \$ | 10,639,157 229,826 | \$ | 10,606,455 257,633 |
| Amount of debt limit unused | \$ <u></u> | 10,409,331 | \$_ | 10,348,822 |
| Service on debt limit Service on debt | \$ | 1,773,193 30,962 | \$ | 1,767,743 41,282 |
| Amount of debt servicing limit unused | \$ <u></u> | 1,742,231 | \$_ | 1,726,461 |

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/2000) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

Total debt includes long-term debt less debt charges recoverable. Debt servicing includes principal and interest payments due on long-term debt in the 12 months subsequent to year-end less amounts that are recoverable.

10.EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

| | 2022 | | |
|--|---|-----|---|
| Tangible capital assets (Schedule 1) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 1) Long-term debt (Note 7) | \$ 51,399,652 (21,365,953) (229,826) | \$ | 50,541,358 (20,223,321) (257,633) |
| | \$ 29,803,873 | \$_ | 30,060,404 |

2022

2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

| | _ | 2022 | - | 2021 |
|---|----|------------|----|------------|
| Unrestricted surplus | \$ | 5,354,210 | \$ | 5,290,236 |
| Internally restricted surplus: | | | | |
| Operating: | | | | |
| Administrative | | 81,500 | | 69,500 |
| Police | | 1,306 | | 1,306 |
| Family and community support services | | 21,500 | | 11,500 |
| Commercial building reserve | | 31,165 | | 17,565 |
| Roads and streets | | 119,054 | | 119,054 |
| Recreation | | 32,400 | | 22,400 |
| General contingency Capital: | | 899,165 | | 899,165 |
| Administrative | | 9,857 | | 5,826 |
| Common services | | - | | 18,916 |
| Water | | 520,000 | | 452,500 |
| Wastewater | | 376,500 | | 326,500 |
| Recreation | | 392,243 | | 374,093 |
| Fitness centre | | 8,781 | | 2,781 |
| Culture | | 96,796 | | 91,796 |
| General contingency | | 47,873 | | 47,873 |
| Fire | | 55,023 | | - |
| Garbage capital reserve | | 17,249 | | - |
| Equity in tangible capital assets (Note 10) | | 29,803,873 | | 30,060,404 |
| | \$ | 37,868,495 | \$ | 37,811,415 |
| .TRUST FUNDS | | | | |
| The Town of Hanna administers the following trusts: | | | | |
| | _ | 2022 | _ | 2021 |
| | _ | | | |
| Hiltbrand trust | \$ | 20,000 | \$ | 20,000 |
| Tax sale trust | | 57,441 | | 57,441 |
| Geuder Educational bursary trust | | 64,508 | | 68,498 |
| | \$ | 141,949 | • | 145,939 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

13.SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Town of Hanna provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with the following in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 6)

General government includes council and other legislative and general administration. Protective services includes police, fire, disaster and emergency services, and bylaw enforcement. Transportation includes common and equipment pool, roads, streets, walks and lighting, storm sewers and drainage, and airport. Environmental services includes water supply and distribution, wastewater treatment and disposal, and waste management. Public health and welfare includes family and community support and cemeteries and crematoriums. Planning and development includes economic development and and subdivision land and development. Recreation and culture includes parks and recreation, libraries, museums and halls, and recreation boards.

14.BUDGET DATA

The unaudited budget data presented in these financial statements is based upon the 2022 operating and capital budgets approved by Council. Amortization was not contemplated on development of the budget and, as such, has not been included. The chart below reconciles the approved budget to the budget figures reported in these financial statements.

| | Budget Amoun | | |
|--|--------------|--------------------------|--|
| Revenue | | | |
| Budgeted revenues Less: | \$ | 8,368,668 | |
| Transfer to other funds | | (636,073) | |
| Total revenues | | 7,732,595 | |
| Expenses | | | |
| Budgeted expenses Less: | | 8,368,668 | |
| Transfer to other funds Capital expenses | | (588,899) (1,266,200) | |
| Total expenses | | 6,513,569 | |
| Excess of revenue over expenses | \$ <u></u> | 1,219,026 | |

TOWN OF HANNA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

15.SALARY AND BENEFITS

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

| | | 2022 | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----|---------|----|-------------------------|----|---------|----|---------|
| | | Salary | | Benefits and allowances | | Total | | Total |
| Councillors: | | | | | | | | |
| Mayor Povaschuk | \$ | 20,209 | \$ | 1,069 | \$ | 21,278 | \$ | 4,033 |
| Mayor Warwick | | - | | - | | - | | 16,226 |
| Councillor Beaudoin | | 10,883 | | 538 | | 11,421 | | 10,775 |
| Councillor Campion | | 5,142 | | 22 | | 5,164 | | 10,835 |
| Councillor Crowle | | 10,958 | | 531 | | 11,489 | | 2,187 |
| Councillor Deadlock | | - | | - | | - | | 8,649 |
| Councillor Jensen | | - | | - | | - | | 8,649 |
| Councillor Murphy | | 11,558 | | 565 | | 12,123 | | 2,161 |
| Councillor Olsen | | 10,508 | | 516 | | 11,024 | | 10,824 |
| Councillor Stickel | | - | | - | | - | | 8,302 |
| Councillor Thuroo | | 3,418 | | 168 | | 3,586 | | - |
| Councillor A. Warwick | | 12,283 | | 617 | | 12,900 | | 2,153 |
| Chief Administrative Officer | | 150,004 | | 16,122 | | 166,126 | | 167,464 |
| Town Assessor | | 46,249 | | - | | 46,249 | | 45,698 |

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- 2. Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short-term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.
- 3. The Town has entered into an agreement for assessment services with an independent contractor. Total cost was \$46,249 (2021 \$45,698).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16.LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the *Public Sector Pension Plans Act.* The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 8.45% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 12.80% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2022 were \$81,364 (2021 - \$97,876). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2022 were \$72,200 (2021 - \$88,000).

At December 31, 2021, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$11.92 billion. This amount is not specifically allocated to the participating government organizations. The 2022 actuarial balance was not available at the date these financial statements were released.

17.COMMITMENTS

On January 24, 2007 the Town became a shareholder of Palliser Regional Municipal Services Company Limited (the "Company), a Part IX company under The Companies Act of Alberta. The Company provides municipal planning services to its members. This investment commits the Town to funding the annual operational and special needs of the company. Annually, the Town is requisitioned as a shareholder determined by the Board, in the ordinary course of business, and based on the population and the tax assessment as determined by the Town who is a shareholder. The requisition for the year was \$33,614 (2021 - \$32,635). The Town has the right to cease being a shareholder by giving 600 days notice.

The Town is committed under an agreement with the Marigold Library System to funding certain library initiatives annually based on a per capita formula. The Town provided funding during the year of \$16,062 (2021 - \$15,968). It is the understanding of the Town, that it can withdraw from the agreement at anytime by giving a one-year notice period.

The Town signed a contract with Commercial Emergency Equipment Co. for the purchase of a vehicle, with an estimated cost of \$626,932. As at year end, the outstanding commitment is approximately \$564,239.

The Town has entered into a lease agreement with Neopost Canada Limited to rent certain equipment in use by the Town. The aggregate future minimum lease payments are \$11,828 (2021 - \$18,587). The minimum lease payments for each of the next three succeeding years are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gross payments required in the first year subsequent Gross payments required in the second year subsequent Gross payments required in the third year subsequent | \$ 6,759 5,069 | \$ 6,759 6,759 5,069 |
| | \$ 11,828 | \$ 18.587 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

18. CONTINGENCIES

The Town is a member of the Alberta Local Authorities Reciprocal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of the membership, the Town could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, investments, accounts payable, deposit liabilities, employee benefit obligations and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risks arising from these financial instruments.

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk. The Town is exposed to market price risk from investments in bonds instruments whose value fluctuates with changes in quoted market prices.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

20.BUDGET AMOUNTS

The 2022 budget for the Town was approved by Council on May 10, 2022 and has been reported in the financial statement for information purposes only. Amortization was not considered in the budget and has not been included. These budget amounts have not been audited, reviewed, or otherwise verified.

21.APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.